

# Who can administer

May be administered by registered competent doctor or nurse/midwife

# Important information

- See monitoring requirements
- In situations where the inhaled route is not appropriate for bronchodilation, **the preferred route is the intramuscular or subcutaneous route**
- Terbutaline (and other Beta<sub>2</sub> agonists) are no longer recommended for inhibiting pre-term labour. Use of high-dose short acting beta<sub>2</sub> agonists in obstetric indications has been associated with serious, sometimes fatal cardiovascular events in the mother and fetus, particularly when used for a prolonged period of time <sup>(ref BNF)</sup>

## Available preparations

Bricanyl 2,500 microgram per **5mL** ampoule (2.5mg in 5mL) <sup>(unlicensed)</sup>

Bricanyl 500 microgram per 1mL ampoule

### Reconstitution

Already in solution

• Draw up using a 5 micron filter needle

# Infusion fluids

Glucose 5% or Sodium chloride 0.9%

# Methods of intravenous administration

#### Bronchodilator dose

#### • Slow intravenous injection

- $\circ~$  Give slowly over at least 3 minutes, noting patient response
- $\circ~$  It may be diluted to 10mL with infusion fluid if required, to facilitate slow administration  $^{^{(ref\,1)}}$
- Continuous intravenous infusion (administer using an electronically controlled infusion device)
  - $\circ\,$  Add 1.5 to 2.5mg to 500mL infusion fluid and administer over several hours (see 'dose')

### Dose in adults

#### Bronchodilator dose

- Slow intravenous injection dose: 0.25 to 0.5mg up to four times daily
- Infusion dose: Add 1.5 to 2.5mg to 500mL infusion fluid and administer at 30 to 60mL/hour for 8 to 10 hours (more than one bag may be required depending on each patients individual requirements)

# Monitoring

- Patients at risk of hypokalaemia should have serum potassium levels monitored
- Diabetic patients should have additional blood glucose measurements performed when therapy is initiated
- Lactic acidosis has been reported with high doses of intravenous terbutaline, particularly in patients being treated for acute asthma exacerbation

# Storage

Store below 25°C

# References

SPC November 2020

1: Local expert opinion - stable in these fluids, and slow administration otherwise difficult with small volumes

# Therapeutic classification

Selective beta2-adrenoreceptor agonist